EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2017 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) 2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Note: This is a modified view of the original table.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years: 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005

	Alaska											
Subject	Total		Percent		Male		Percent Male		Female		Percent	Female
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Erro
Population 16 years and over with earnings	411,863	+/-5,844	411,863	+/-5,844	229,871	+/-3,988	229,871	+/-3,988	181,992	+/-3,450	181,992	+/-3,450
Median earnings (dollars)	37,326	+/-1,165	(X)	(X)	43,350	+/-2,318	(X)	(X)	31,734	+/-754	(X)	(X
FULL-TIME, YEAR- ROUND WORKERS WITH EARNINGS	248,218	+/-5,749	248,218	+/-5,749	145,864	+/-5,129	145,864	+/-5,129	102,354	+/-2,798	102,354	+/-2,79
\$1 to \$9,999 or loss	4,262	+/-1,111	1.7%	+/-0.4	2,580	+/-898	1.8%	+/-0.6	1,682	+/-633	1.6%	+/-0.6
\$10,000 to \$14,999	5,216	+/-1,172	2.1%	+/-0.5	2,574	+/-848	1.8%	+/-0.6	2,642	+/-967	2.6%	+/-0.
\$15,000 to \$24,999	23,943	+/-2,690	9.6%	+/-1.1	12,818	+/-1,923	8.8%	+/-1.4	11,125	+/-1,855	10.9%	+/-1.8
\$25,000 to \$34,999	34,823	+/-3,334	14.0%	+/-1.2	17,986	+/-2,460	12.3%	+/-1.5	16,837	+/-1,934	16.4%	+/-1.
\$35,000 to \$49,999	46,270	+/-3,653	18.6%	+/-1.4	24,421	+/-2,809	16.7%	+/-1.8	21,849	+/-2,322	21.3%	+/-2.
\$50,000 to \$64,999	40,128	+/-3,068	16.2%	+/-1.2	21,773	+/-2,506	14.9%	+/-1.6	18,355	+/-1,990	17.9%	+/-2.0
\$65,000 to \$74,999	21,684	+/-2,491	8.7%	+/-1.0	13,381	+/-2,177	9.2%	+/-1.5	8,303	+/-1,364	8.1%	+/-1.
\$75,000 to \$99,999	33,106	+/-3,170	13.3%	+/-1.2	21,077	+/-2,660	14.4%	+/-1.7	12,029	+/-1,836	11.8%	+/-1.
\$100,000 or more	38,786	+/-2,627	15.6%	+/-1.1	29,254	+/-2,195	20.1%	+/-1.5	9,532	+/-1,510	9.3%	+/-1.
Median earnings (dollars) for full-time, year-round workers with earnings	52,060	+/-1,064	(X)	(X)	57,943	+/-3,113	(X)	(X)	47,472	+/-2,131	(X)	(X
Mean earnings (dollars) for full-time, year-round workers with earnings	65,613	+/-2,023	(X)	(X)	70,738	+/-2,176	(X)	(X)	58,311	+/-3,433	(X)	()
MEDIAN EARNINGS BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT												
Population 25 years and over with earnings	45,018	+/-1,497	(X)	(X)	51,352	+/-1,151	(X)	(X)	36,909	+/-1,096	(X)	(×
Less than high school graduate	24,222	+/-4,739	(X)	(X)	27,211	+/-2,657	(X)	(X)	20,130	+/-3,766	(X)	()
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	35,868	+/-1,417	(X)	(X)	41,536	+/-1,679	(X)	(X)	28,778	+/-1,905	(X)	(>
Some college or associate's degree	41,758	+/-1,260	(X)	(X)	51,169	+/-1,990	(X)	(X)	34,947	+/-3,185	(X)	(X
Bachelor's degree	56,914	+/-3,307	(X)	(X)	67,437	+/-5,636	(X)	(X)	46,115	+/-2,587	(X)	()
Graduate or professional degree	75,748	+/-2,568	(X)	(X)	90,028	+/-8,314	(X)	(X)	70,662	+/-2,569	(X)	(X

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

An **** entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of

error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An ***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate. An ****** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented through the use of a margin of error.

When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau logically assigns an acceptable value using the response to a related question or questions. If a logical assignment is not possible, data are filled using a statistical process called allocation, which uses a similar individual or household to provide a donor value. The "Allocated" section is the number of respondents who received an allocated value for a particular subject.

While the 2017 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.